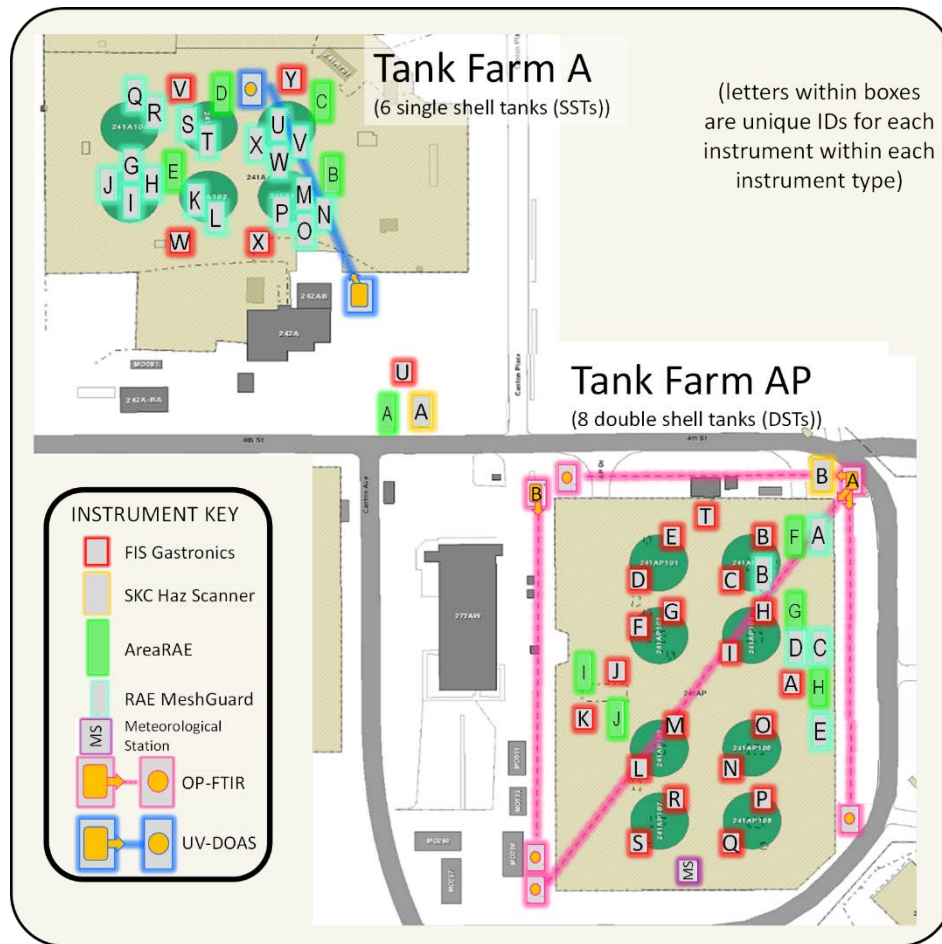


OP-FTIR Weekly Summary

12/28/16 6:00 – 01/04/17 6:00



The following information is for the time period from December 28th at 6:00am through January 4th at 6:00am. This summary contains Vapor Monitoring and Detection System (VMDS) pilot-scale data collected over one week for the open path Fourier transform infrared spectrometer (OP-FTIR). Pilot-scale testing is focused on evaluating component integration and functionality. Data shown may include results from calibration and bump tests performed verify instruments function; these tests result in data spikes.

- Abbreviations:
- CH₄ = methane
 - NH₃ = ammonia
 - NO = nitric oxide
 - N₂O = nitrous oxide
 - NO₂ = nitrogen dioxide
 - OEL = occupational exposure limit
 - OP-FTIR = Open Path Fourier Transform Infrared Spectrometer
 - R² = R-squared
 - VMDS = Vapor Monitoring and Detection System

OP-FTIR Weekly Summary

12/28/16 6:00 – 01/04/17 6:00

Weekly Summary: The OP-FTIR spectrometer provides real-time multi-gas measurement (qualitative and quantitative) of gases¹. Even though the instrument is very accurate regarding the quantification of compounds, reported results cannot be directly calculated into a concentration for a specific location, this is due to its sample size – an open path between two points. The sample path is defined by the location of the emitter and the reflector which may be tens to hundreds of meters apart. Therefore data from these instrument types will not be directly compared to Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs) and Action Levels, but used to determine concentrations of compounds along the path of the instrument's beam.

Each analyte has a specific predetermined infrared (IR) trace which represents the model for that chemical. The detection and reporting of that chemical is based on evaluation of the R-squared (R^2) values (coefficient of determination) calculated by comparing the detection trace to the model trace for that chemical. R^2 is a statistical value representing the "percent of variance explained" by evaluating the detected trace with the model trace, or an estimate of how well the two traces match. R^2 values range from 0 to 1 with higher values indicating a better fit. R^2 values for OP-FTIR data are dependent on sample concentration, chemical compounds [chemicals present can interfere/overlap with each other at key locations; typically those having the same functional groups (e.g., methane or ketone groups)], and many other factors. Results presented here are for compounds having an R^2 value of greater than or equal to 0.5.

During the week in review, instrument 506A detected nitrous oxide (N_2O) and methane (CH_4). These chemicals are typically found in the atmosphere, and the recurring pattern of simultaneous N_2O and CH_4 spikes on this instrument was noted again this week.

Instrument 506B detected N_2O , CH_4 , and ammonia (NH_3). The recurring pattern of simultaneous N_2O and CH_4 spikes on this instrument was consistent with instrument A for the week. The NH_3 R^2 value is typically below the reporting threshold of 0.5, but in two instances the R^2 value was 0.5 or above and the detected peaks were about 0.02 ppm. The identification of ammonia could be the result of ongoing retrieval of AY-102. High ammonia levels were detected from the AP stack and therefore retrieval was shut down 12/31/16 through the rest of this week. These ammonia peaks could be related to the high source readings.

Most compounds detected by both instruments are typically present in air at detectable levels. This information indicates that the OP-FTIR units are effectively measuring composition of the gas components within its path. Specific instrument information is reported below.

¹ OP-FTIR Fact Sheet: <http://hanfordvapors.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/10/OP-FTIR-fact-sheet.pdf>

OP-FTIR Weekly Summary

12/28/16 6:00 – 01/04/17 6:00

December 28th, 2016 – January 4th, 2017 Instrument Notes:

Table 1. Chemical Species Detected on Open Path FTIRs at AP Tank Farm.

Chemical	506A: OP-FTIR Multipath	506B: OP-FTIR Single
Nitrous Oxide*	ND – 0.52 ppm	ND - 0.43 ppm
Ammonia*	ND	ND – 0.02 ppm
Methane	ND - 2.28 ppm	ND – 1.81 ppm
1-3-Butadiene*	ND	ND
1-Butanol*	ND	ND
2-Hexanone*	ND	ND
3-Buten-2-one*	ND	ND
Acetaldehyde*	ND	ND
Acetonitrile*	ND	ND
Benzene*	ND	ND
Butanal*	ND	ND
Butyl Nitrite*	ND	ND
Ethylamine*	ND	ND
Formaldehyde*	ND	ND
Furan*	ND	ND
Methanol*	ND	ND
Methyl Isocyanate*	ND	ND
Methyl Nitrite*	ND	ND
N-Nitrosodiethylamine*	ND	ND
N-Nitrosodimethylamine*	ND	ND
N-Nitrosomorpholine*	ND	ND
Propanenitrile*	ND	ND
Pyridine*	ND	ND
Tributyle Phosphate*	ND	ND

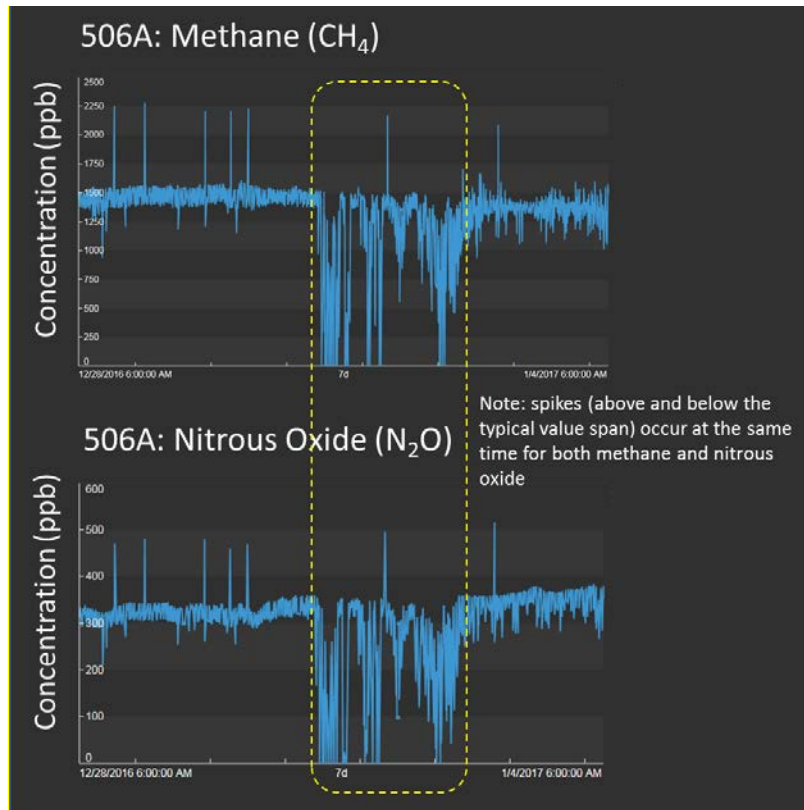
Notes: *Chemical is on COPC list

ND – Not detected by instrument (i.e., either value reported was 0 or R² value is <0.5)

OP-FTIR Weekly Summary

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**Figure 1. OP-FTIR A (506A) Review.
(Note that concentration units are ppb)**



OP-FTIR Weekly Summary

12/28/16 6:00 – 01/04/17 6:00

Figure 2. OP-FTIR B (506B) Review.
 (Note that concentration units are ppb)

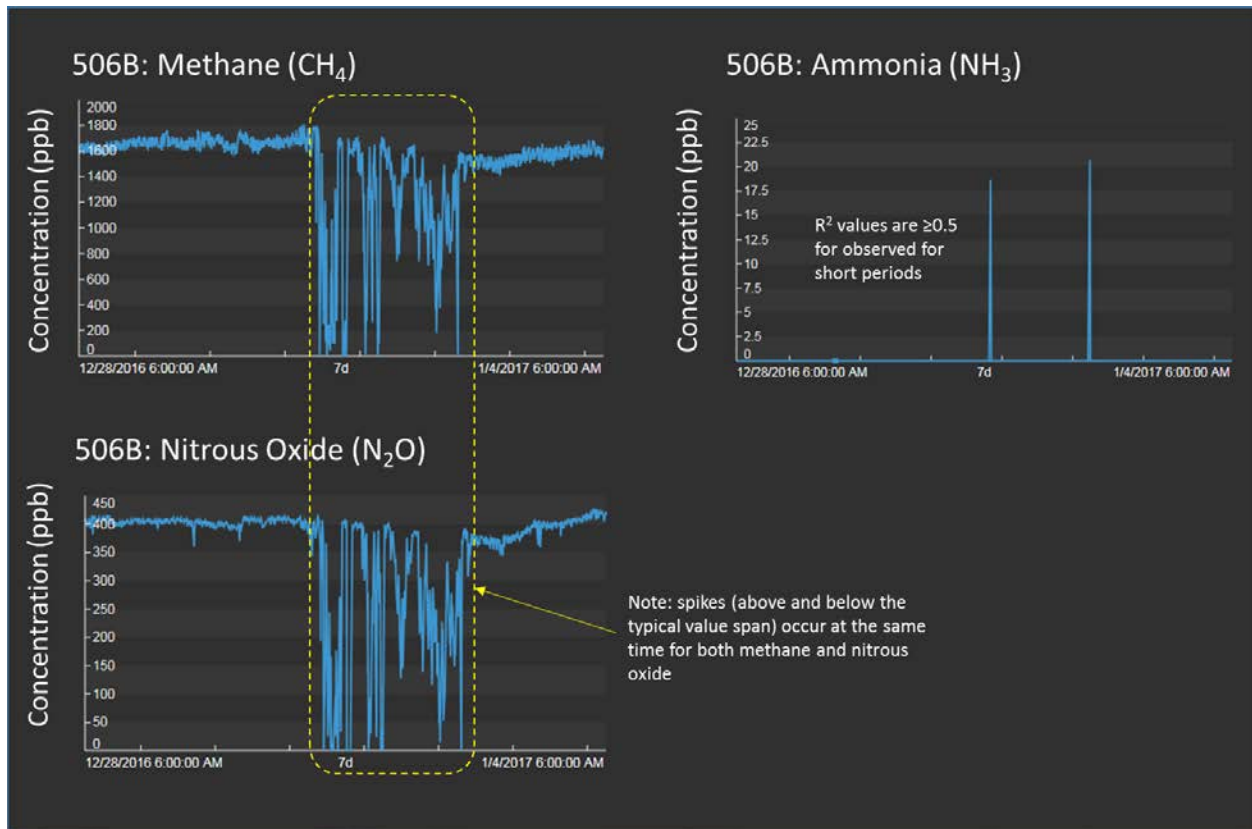


Table 2. OP-FTIR Instrument Time Reporting^a.

Instrument	Comments
506A	The instrument was reported 100% of the time.
506B	The instrument was reporting 100% of the time.

Notes: a) % down is based on data reported to OSI PI System²

² OSI PI System is a data visualization software package from [OSIsoft](http://OSIsoft.com).